



Zr⁴⁺ MOFS WITH HIGH EFFICIENCY FOR REMOVAL OF TOXIC ANION SPECIES FROM AQUEOUS MEDIA

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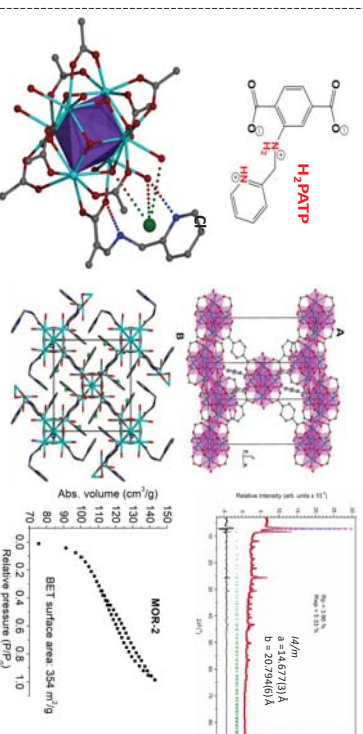
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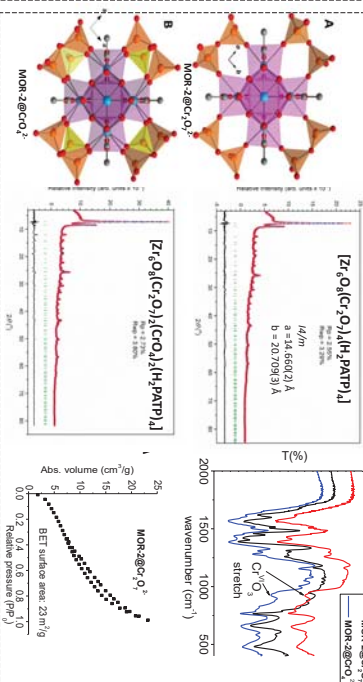


We present a new Zr⁴⁺ MOF, H₁₆[Zr₆O₄(H₂PATP)₄][Cl₆·xH₂O] (MOR-2) (H₂PATP=2-((pyridin-1-ium-2-ylmethyl)ammonio)terephthalate). This material has shown exceptional sorption capability for anionic pollutants, including carcinogenic Cr(VI) and radioactive TCO₄. MOR-2 exhibits record Cr(VI) and TCO₄ sorption capacities, as a result of its 8-connected structure favoring the strong binding of anions into the Zr₆ SBUs. Importantly, MOR-2 in its composite forms with alginate acid (HA) was utilized in ion exchange columns, which show capability for ~ 100% removal of anionic pollutants from water (including industrial waste) and can be regenerated and reused for several cycles with almost no loss of its initial sorption capacity.

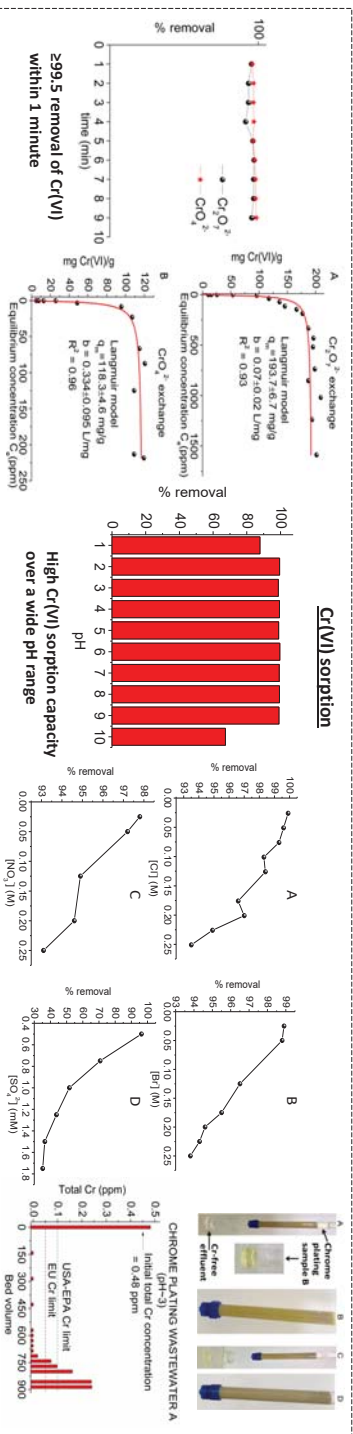
Structure-characterization



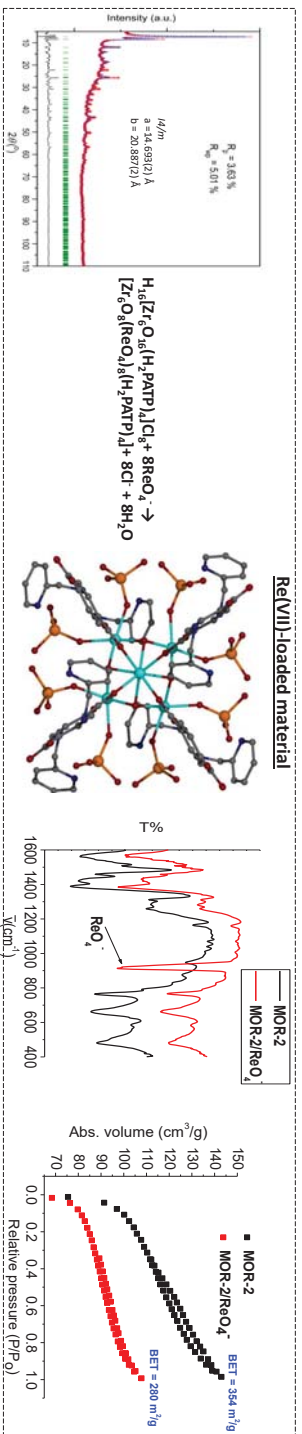
Cr(VI)-loaded materials



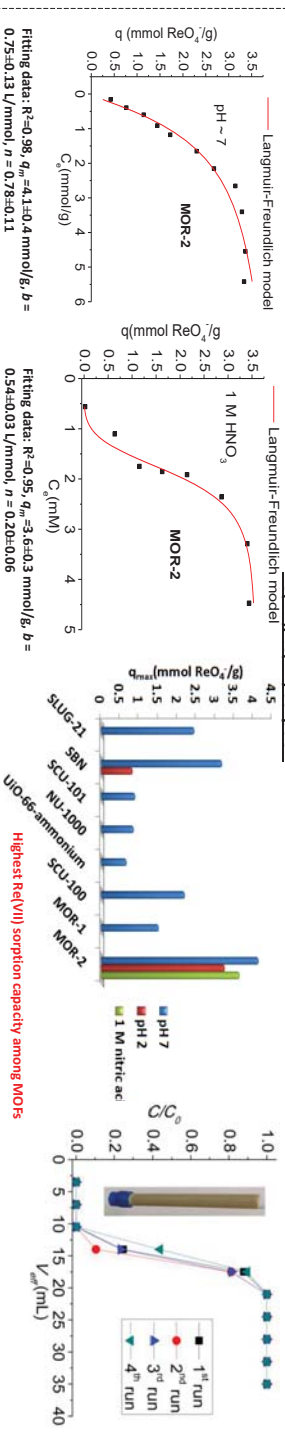
Cr(VI) sorption



Re(VII)-loaded material



Re(VII)/Te(VII) sorption



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References

1. S. Rapti et al. *J. Mater. Chem. A*, **2017**, *5*, 14707.
2. S. Rapti et al. *J. Mater. Chem. A*, **2018**, *6*, 20813.